

US Involvement in WWI

THE DAILY MISSOURIAN

NINTH YEAR

COLUMBIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 6, 1917.

NUMBER 184

U.S. OFFICIALLY AT WAR

WILSON TELLS PLANS FOR RAISING ARMIES

Approves of Conscription of 100,000 Men in Addition to Regulars.

AGE LIMIT IS 19 TO 25

Drafting to Be Practiced in National Guard of Volunteering Folds.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—After pronouncing a state of war the President this afternoon issued the following statement regarding the means to be used in increasing the two million men called for in bonds of the war department last night.

"The principle established in the plan which the military commission of the Senate and House have adopted here is approved."

It is proposed to meet the needs for the necessary men by bringing the regular army and national guard up to their full war strength and adding the additional forces by selective conscription. The first increments of 100,000 to make up the increased number of troops will be ordered immediately and other increments called as rapidly as officers can be obtained to train the men, to make that all these forces

THE WEATHER

The Columbia and vicinity showing for Thursday, April 5, 1917. Clear, with light breeze from the west. Temperature about 60 degrees.

Weather conditions: Clear, with light breeze from the west. Temperature about 60 degrees.

The day promises to be clear and bright with a light breeze from the west. Temperature about 60 degrees.

The weather is generally fair to fine with a light breeze from the west. Temperature about 60 degrees.

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GUARDS TO MOBILIZE AT NEVADA IN WEEK

Inspector of Company F Says Fourth Missouri Infantry Will Be Called.

75 RECRUITS NEEDED

Local Unit Will Probably Take Members From Other Cities.

The mobilization of the Fourth Missouri Infantry of which Company F is a unit, will take place at Nevada about the first of next week. This news was brought to Columbia by Lieutenant Colonel Burkhart of the State's National Guard of the T. S. 4th who inspected the local company of the army last night.

Captain Stager said this morning he believed that the inspection was satisfactory to the federal inspector last night, although the company was broken up because many of the men have not returned to Columbia since being mustered out of service in the Mexican border. These men are who have not passed for the inspection last night will be inspected at other sites and will be credited to the Columbia company.

DRAFTING OF ARMY TO AFFECT STUDENTS

Large Per Cent Come Within Age Limit—Many Have Had Experience.

MUST BE EXAMINED

Recruits Will Be Given Rigid Test and Army Standards Maintained.

"The military conscription act which is being passed by Congress will have a wide effect on the students of the University of Missouri," said Captain J. C. King, instructor in military science in the University, this morning. "Most of the students are within the age limits specified in the bill and many of them have had military experience. These are the men the Government will want when mobilized this summer."

Captain King said that there is a minimum service which the army sets between the ages of 18 and 25 years will be required to enlist. This is not true, according to Captain King, who says that the physical standard of the regular army will be rigidly maintained in the process of selection of recruits. The conscription act will be considered as a means to make the

WILSON SIGNS RESOLUTION AT 1:13 O'CLOCK TODAY

Four Missouri Representatives Vote "No" When House Passes Act 373 to 50—First War Measures Total \$164,000,000—Conscription Plans Call for 2,000,000 Men.

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The general defensive bill calling for \$100,000,000 for national defense purposes and \$64,000,000 for war expenses was the first war measure to pass Congress today.

WAR DECLARED AT 1:13

WASHINGTON, April 6.—War was declared at 1:13 this afternoon. At exactly that time President Wilson signed the joint resolution passed by the House and Senate declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Germany.

An hour before, the resolution was signed by Vice-President Marshall in the Senate at 12:13.

These were the last formal acts of the

CHICK SPILL, NED BIRDSE, FRUIT

By Average of Last 10 Years, Spring Frost Comes April 24.

The ground will again, although not warm, may still hold elements of danger for the fruit crop and eggs

Neutrality

- In the beginning the United States wanted to remain neutral.
- WWI (“Great War”) was happening in Europe.
- Wilson was re-elected in 1916



Why did it take so long for America to get involved in the war?

- America was isolationist.
 - “Why should I get involved in someone else’s problems?”
- The Monroe Doctrine (1823) sought to isolate “the American continents” from European influences and problems.

In this cartoon, “The Great Wall” (1914), the Monroe Doctrine is shown as a protective shield for the United States.



Thinking Slide:

- Is isolationism really an option for a country as powerful as the United States?
- What are the disadvantages of isolationism?
- What are the advantages?

Submarine Warfare

- The Germans warned Americans their merchant ships might be hit.
- Reaches a crisis point after Lusitania is torpedoed in 1915—128 Americans died.
- After sinking of British and French liners, Germans promised they would not sink unarmed ships **without warning** → **SUSSEX PLEDGE**

"All the News That's Fit to Print" **The New York Times** EXTRA 8:30 A. M.

VOL. LXVII, NO. 5481 SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1915—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES ONE CENT

LUSITANIA SUNK BY A SUBMARINE, PROBABLY 1,260 DEAD; TWICE TORPEDOED OFF IRISH COAST; SINKS IN 15 MINUTES; CAPT. TURNER SAVED, FROHMAN AND VANDERBILT MISSING; WASHINGTON BELIEVES THAT A GRAVE CRISIS IS AT HAND

SHOCKS THE PRESIDENT
Washington Deeply Stirred by the Loss of American Lives.

BULLETINS AT WHITE HOUSE
White House—Then (Continued) but is silent on the Nation's Course.

HINTS OF COVERED CALL
Lack of Lusitania Details Firm Tone of Our First Warning to Germany.

CAPITAL FULL OF HUMORS
Reports That Lives Lost in 18 Minutes Were More Before Detail Given.

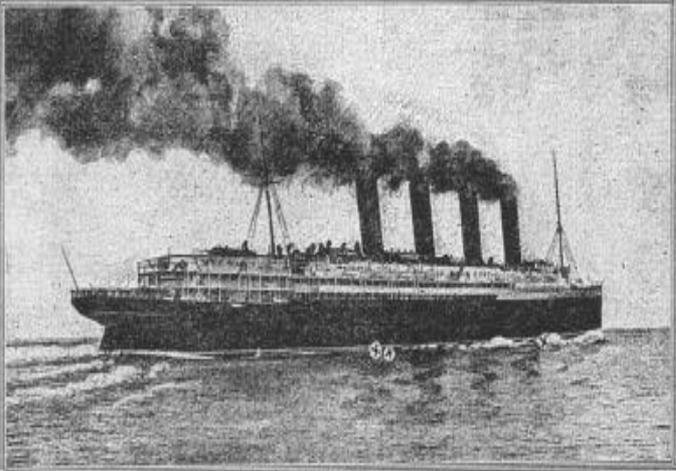
Some Dead Taken Ashore
Several Hundred Survivors at Queenstown and Mineola.

STENNOTELLS-SPONSORED
One Torpedo Crashes Into the Disabled Liner's Bow, Another Into the Engine Room.

SHIP LISTS GIVEN TO PUP
Many It Impossible to Lose Many Lives, So Details Must Have Gone Down.

ATTACKED IN BROAD
Passenger at Luskheim-Warrior Had Been Taken to Germany to See the Very Last New York.

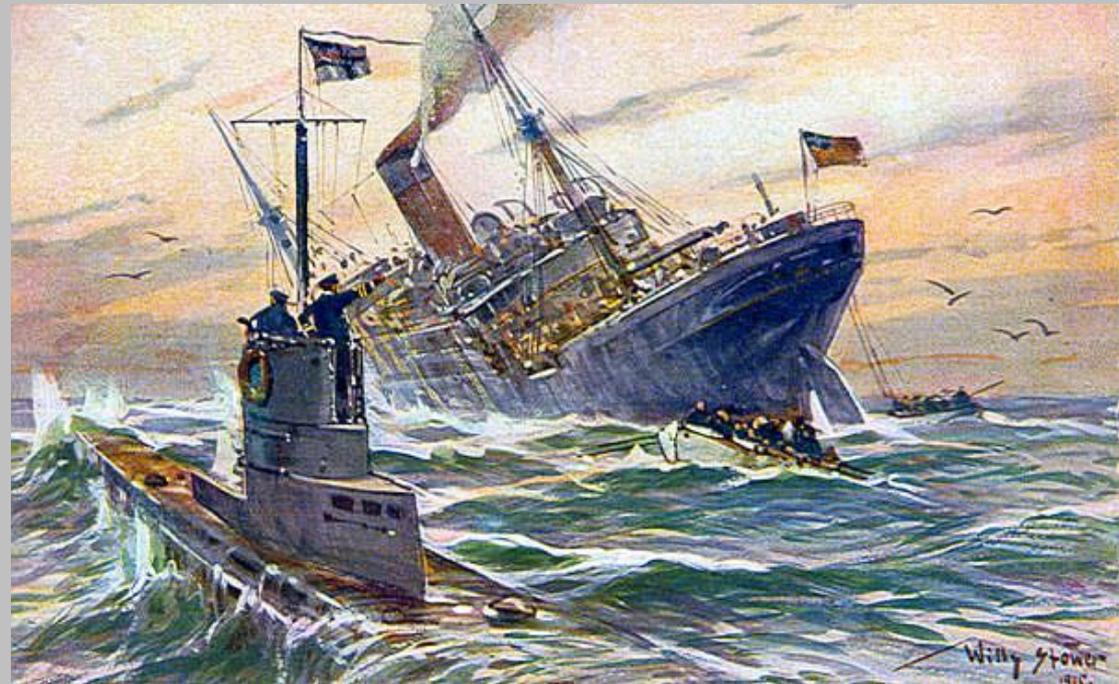
Only 650 Were Saved, Few Cabin Passengers
GLENKENTON, Scotland, May 6, 4:28 A. M.—Survivors of the Lusitania who have reached land are more than half about 400 of those aboard the liner.



The Lost Cunard Steamship Lusitania
X Where the First Torpedo Struck. O Where the Second Torpedo Struck.

Sussex Pledge

- The Sussex Pledge broken: February 1, 1917 Germany continued unlimited submarine warfare





The Lusitania

- Germans warned British their passenger liners were in danger
- England still sailed Lusitania from New York to England
- German U-boat torpedoed Lusitania in May 1915
 - Sunk in 18 minutes
 - 2,000 on board, 1200 died including 128 Americans
 - Ship was carrying secret cargo of war materials.
- Wilson still wanted US to stay neutral, campaigned on promise “He kept us out of war”

Zimmerman Telegram

- March 1917 The Zimmermann telegram released
- If the U.S. entered War against Central Powers, Mexico should attack the U.S. and receive as a reward: Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona.
- **AMERICANS WERE OUTRAGED!!!**

CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
Fast Day Message	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Day Letter	<input type="checkbox"/>
Night Message	<input type="checkbox"/>
Night Letter	<input type="checkbox"/>
Patrons should mark, as X opposite the class of service desired; OTHERWISE THE TELEGRAM WILL BE TRANSMITTED AS A FAST DAY MESSAGE.	

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM

NEWCOMB CARLTON, PRESIDENT

M.C.	
Class	3300
Time Filed	

Send the following telegram, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

via Galveston

JAN 19 1917

GERMAN LEGATION

MEXICO CITY

130	13042	13401	8501	115	3528	416	17214	6491	11310
18147	18222	21580	10247	11518	23677	13805	3494	14938	
98092	5905	11311	10392	10371	0302	21290	5101	39695	
23571	17504	11269	18276	18101	0317	0228	17894	4473	
22284	22200	19452	21589	67893	5569	13918	8958	12137	
1333	4725	4458	5905	17166	13851	4458	17149	14471	6706
13850	12224	6929	14991	7382	15857	67893	14218	36477	
5870	17553	67893	5870	5454	16102	15217	22801	17138	
21001	17388	7446	23638	18222	6719	14331	15021	23845	
3156	23552	22096	21604	4797	9497	22464	20855	4377	
23610	18140	22260	5905	13347	20420	39689	13732	20667	
6929	5275	18507	52262	1340	22049	13339	11265	22295	
10439	14814	4178	6992	8784	7632	7357	6926	52262	11267
21100	21272	9346	9559	22464	15874	18502	18500	15857	
2188	5376	7381	98092	16127	13486	9350	9220	76038	14219
5144	2831	17920	11347	17142	11264	7667	7762	15099	9110
10482	97556	3569	3670						

BEPNSTORFF.

Charge German Embassy.

862 20212/72A

RECEIVED
Director 1-8-55
Mr. [Name], State Dept.

TELEGRAM RECEIVED.

FROM 2nd from London # 5747.

By *Mark A. Eckhoff*
Date *Oct. 27, 1951*

"We intend to begin on the first of February unrestricted submarine warfare. We shall endeavor in spite of this to keep the United States of America neutral. In the event of this not succeeding, we make Mexico a proposal of alliance on the following basis: make war together, make peace together, generous financial support and an understanding on our part that Mexico is to reconquer the lost territory in Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona. The settlement in detail is left to you. You will inform the President of the above most secretly as soon as the outbreak of war with the United States of America is certain and add the suggestion that he should, on his own initiative, ~~invite~~ ^{invite} Japan to immediate adherence and at the same time mediate between Japan and ourselves. Please call the President's attention to the fact that the ruthless employment of our submarines now offers the prospect of compelling England in a few months to make peace." Signed, ZIMMERMAN.



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SOME PROMISE!

April 1911

MARKETS
NEW YORK CITY
Average price of 100
per 100 weight, ending
March 28--71.00

The Bisbee Daily Review

WEATHER
Bisbee, Arizona, Tuesday
Partly cloudy, 65-80
Wind, light, variable
Ray, fair.

Associated Press Special Leased Wire Service.

VOL. 19, NO. 156

BISBEE, ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 3, 1917.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Wilson Asks War!

CONGRESS EXPECTED TO BACK UP THE PRESIDENT TODAY

*President Calls On Nation to Bring German Empire to Terms and End War
Asks Congress for 500,000 Men for Starter and Whole Resources of U. S.*

WASHINGTON, April 2--President Wilson tonight urged congress, assembled in joint session to declare a state of war existing between the United States and Germany.

In a dispassionate, but unmeasured denunciation of the course of the Imperial German government, which he characterized as a challenge to all mankind and a warfare against all nations, the President declared that neutrality no longer was feasible or desirable where the peace of the world was involved; that armed neutrality had become ineffectual enough at best, and was likely to produce what it was meant to prevent, and urged that congress accept the gauge of battle with all the resources of the nation.

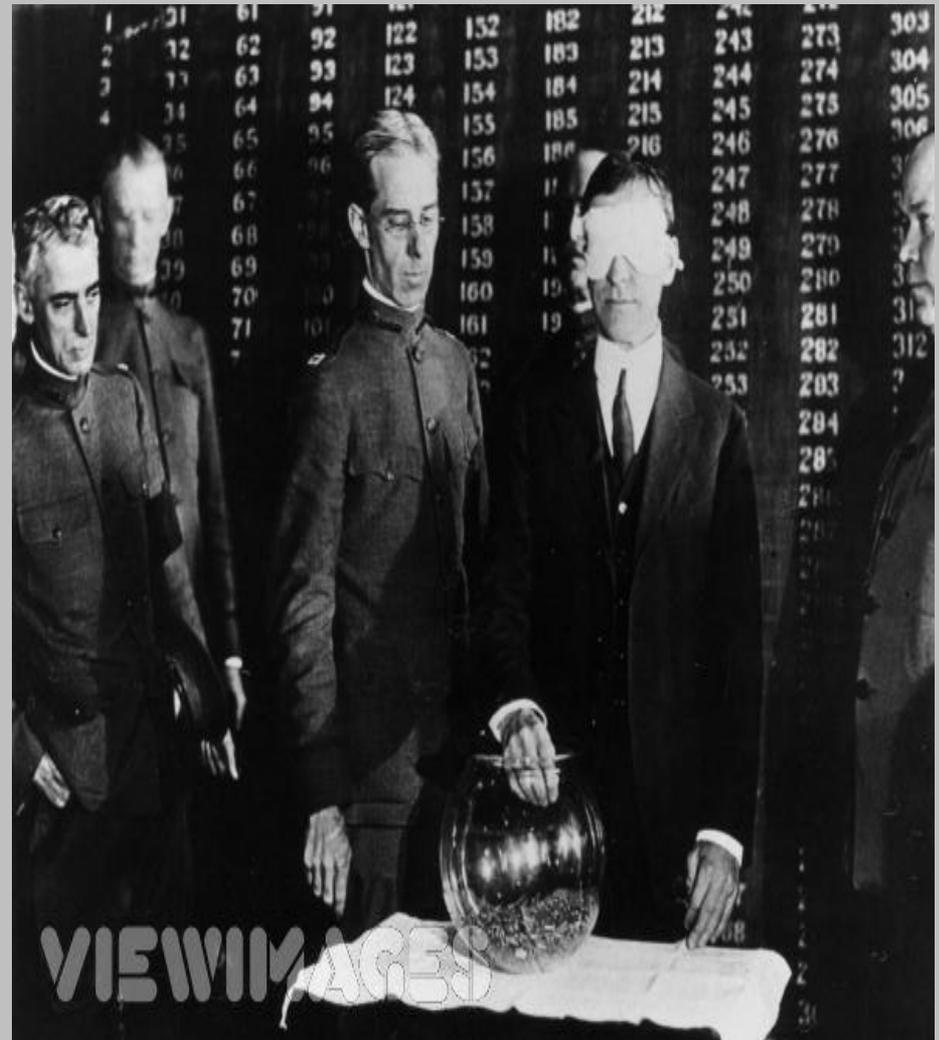
Getting Public Support for the War

- Difficult given traditions of isolationism and neutrality.
- Wilson cast war in moral terms— “making the world safe for democracy”
- This played on people’s ideas of America as the savior.



U.S. Mobilizes for War

- Selective Service Act is passed in Congress—men between 21 and 30 can be drafted
- War Industries Board meets war demand
- Raise taxes and issue liberty bonds



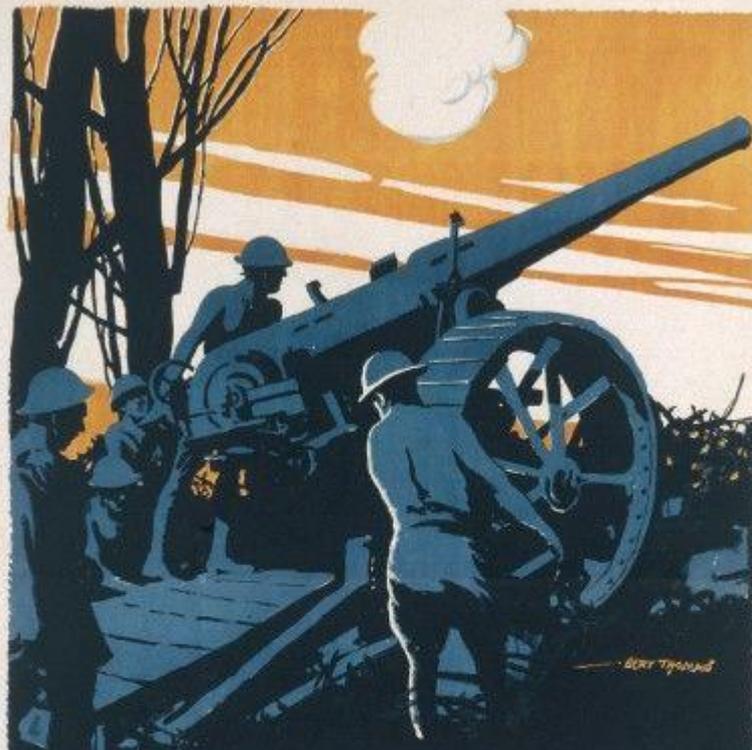


ARE YOU 100%
AMERICAN?
PROVE IT!
BUY
U.S. GOVERNMENT BONDS
THIRD
LIBERTY LOAN



10-A

ROBERT & WILLIAM COHEN, N.Y.



FEED THE GUNS
WITH WAR BONDS AND
HELP TO END THE WAR

NY 122

ROBERT & WILLIAM COHEN, N.Y.

Help Uncle Sam
Stamp Out
The Kaiser!



BUY U.S. GOV'T BONDS

IF YOU CAN'T ENLIST- INVEST
Buy a
Liberty Bond



**DEFEND YOUR COUNTRY
WITH YOUR DOLLARS**

New York American

Propaganda in the War



- Government created **Committee on Public Information**—headed by George Creel.
- Goal—to sell the war to America and convince the world of the righteousness of Wilson’s war aims.
- posters, movies, songs
- Anti-Germanism on the rise

Anti-German Xenophobia

Liberty Measles at West Point.

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 7.—
An epidemic of "liberty measles," was reported today at the United States Military Academy, West Point, where 25 cadets were said to be in the hospital. - Quarantine regulations to last until Feb. 18 have caused a discontinuance of recitations and cancellation of dates for athletic events.

The New York Times

Published: February 8, 1918

Sauerkraut May Soon Be "Liberty Cabbage"

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, April 25.—Sauerkraut may be camouflaged under the name of Liberty cabbage if the federal food board here acts favorably on the recommendation of local vegetable dealers, who assert that the pro-German stigma of the dish has been responsible for a falling off of 75 per cent. in consumption since America entered the war.

The dealers told the board yesterday that there is now enough sauerkraut in stock in New York city to supply a fair sized German army. The board, in taking the question under advisement, ordered the dealers to submit statistics, showing the exact quantity of sauerkraut they have on hand.

- "German Measles" become "LIBERTY Measles"
- U.S. Orchestras refuse to play works by German composers
- Sauerkraut becomes "Liberty Cabbage"

To German-And Austro-Americans

Men and women of German and Austrian blood, we ask you to remember that this is *your country* now. You owe no allegiance to any king or kaiser. But you do owe *everything* to this great America that has given you your jobs, your homes, your businesses, this country that has given you a greater chance for happiness and success than any other country on the globe could give you.



 **FOR HUMANITY'S SAKE!**

BOYCOTT GERMAN INDUSTRY

DON'T BUY German Goods



Printed in America. Jewish War Veterans of the U. S. 111 5th Street, N.Y.

Government Excess & Threats to the Civil Liberties of Americans

1. Espionage Act - 1917

- forbade actions that obstructed recruitment or efforts to promote insubordination in the military.
- ordered the Postmaster General to remove Leftist materials from the mail.
- fines of up to \$10,000 and/or up to 20 years in prison.

Government Excess & Threats to the Civil Liberties of Americans

2. Seditious Act - 1918

- it was a crime to speak against the purchase of war bonds or *willfully utter, print, write or publish any disloyal, profane, scurrilous, or abusive language* about this form of US Govt., the US Constitution, or the US armed forces or to *willfully urge, incite, or advocate any curtailment of production of things necessary or essential to the prosecution of the war...with intent of such curtailment to cripple or hinder, the US in the prosecution of the war.*

Government Excess & Threats to the Civil Liberties of Americans

3. *Schenck v. US* - 1919

- in ordinary times the mailing of the leaflets would have been protected by the 1st Amendment.
- BUT, every act of speech must be judged according to the circumstances in which it was spoken.
- If an act of speech posed a clear and present danger, then Congress had the power to restrain such speech.

Women Fight Too



- Nurses were on the front lines
- Took factory jobs men left behind (Free a man to fight)
- At the outbreak of war women **suffragists** postponed their fight for equality so they could respond to their countries' wartime needs



- However, this change in traditional roles for women only furthered the suffrage cause...



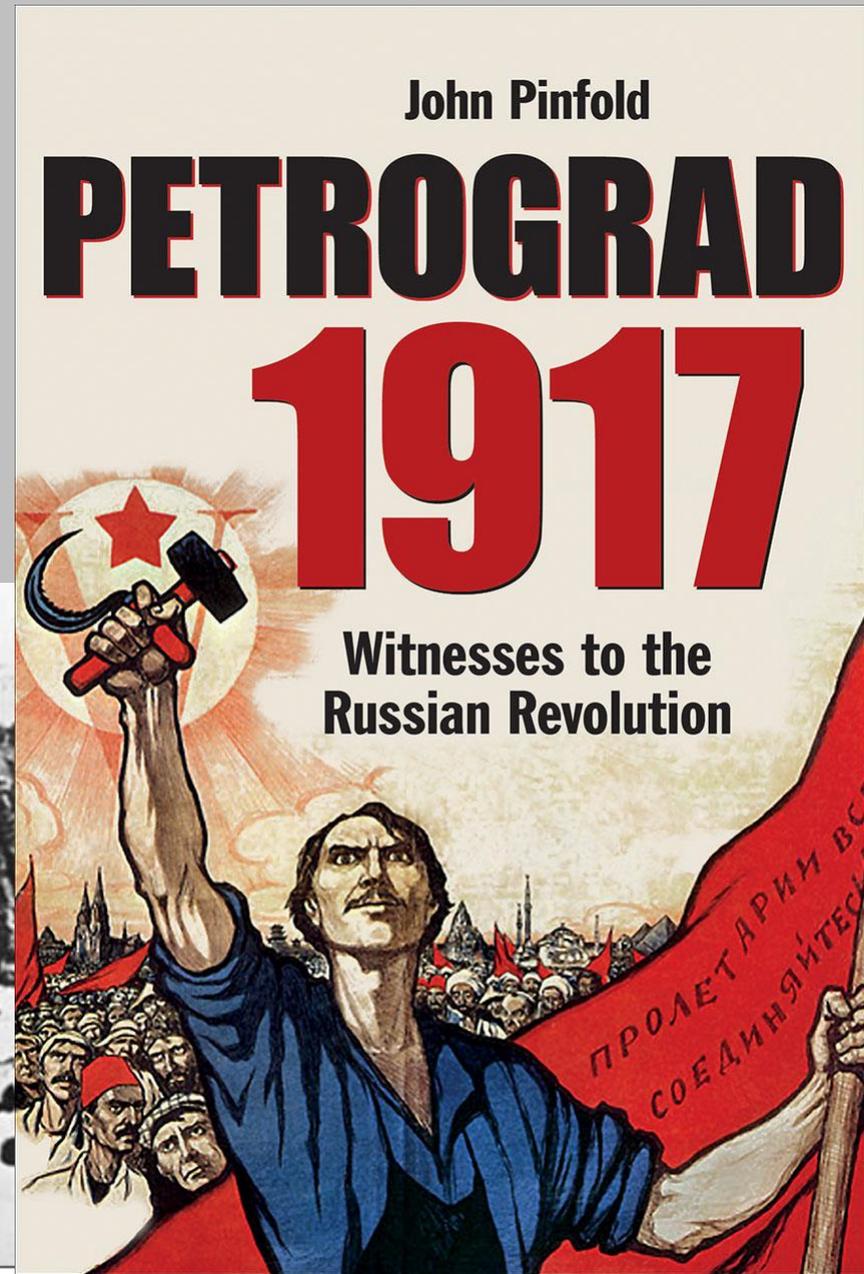
THE TURNING POINT



The arrival of fresh American troops boost the morale of Allied soldiers.

Russia drops out of the war to deal with civil unrest at home...

... leaving Germany alone...



- Treaty was signed on June 28, 1919
(five years from the date of the
Archduke's assassination)

BRITISH TABLE WATERS
of undoubted efficacy
**BURROW'S
MALVERN
TABLE WATERS**
(STILL OR SPARKLING)
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Daily  **Express**

LATE
EDITION

Beer is the National Beverage
Mann Crossman's
retains the nutritive
qualities of Malt

NO. 5,931.

LONDON, THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1919.

ONE PENNY.

FULL TERMS OF THE PEACE TREATY.

Ex-Kaiser to be tried
by an international
tribunal for his
'supreme offence'
against morality.

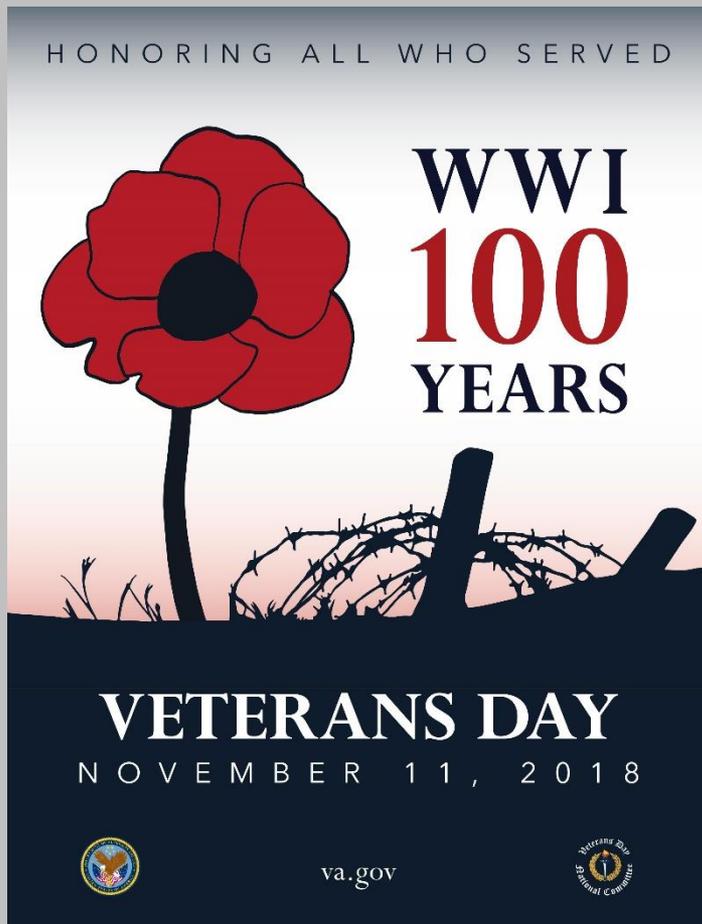
Germany must pay
for all war loss and
damage both in
money and in kind
to her final limit.

Colonies, Alsace-
Lorraine, other
great territories
and valuable con-
cessions lost.

Army and navy re-
duced to skeletons.
Air force and U
boats absolutely
prohibited.

Territory west of the
Rhine to be occu-
pied for 15 years
by the Allies as a
guarantee.

First Veteran's Day (11/11)



- Armistice Day is commemorated every year on 11 November to mark the armistice signed between the Allies of World War I and Germany at Compiègne, France, for the cessation of hostilities on the Western Front of World War I, which took effect at eleven o'clock in the morning—the "eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the eleventh month" of 1918. The date is a national holiday in France, and was declared a national holiday in many Allied nations.