



### The Renaissance

- Questions:
  - What does it mean?
    - Renaissance = Rebirth
  - What is it?
    - A cultural movement calling for the revival of Greco-Roman ways throughout the 14<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> centuries in Europe
  - Where did it start?
    - Italy...in particular Florence Italy





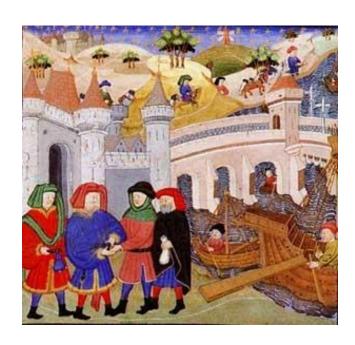
# The Italian Renaissance



- The Renaissance began in Italy because
  - Following the Crusades, many Greek scholars & texts came to Italy (fleeing from Constantinople)
  - While feudalism was collapsing in the rest of western Europe, Italy's city-states were urban (and not bound by feudal restrictions)
  - New trade routes caused merchants and bankers to become wealthy.
  - A "middle class" emerges in Europe.

### A New "Middle Class"

- Following the Plague, thinking in Europe began to change.
- With plenty of money to pay for the necessities of life, these newly wealthy merchants and bankers could focus their lives on leisure, education, and the arts.







# **Florence**



## Florence

- Capital of the Italian Renaissance
  - Home to wealthy families such as the Medici, Pazzi, and Pitti
  - Home to great artists such as Michelangelo, Botticelli, Vasari, & Brunelleschi.
- Oligarchy and noun a small group of people who control a country, organization, or institution.

Gained status & wealth through banking (Wall Street of the

Renaissance)



## The Medici

- Connected and influential family
- Gained power through textiles and banking
  - Estimated to be the most wealthy family in Europe
  - Loaned money to monarchs and the Church
    At 40 % interest rates





Giovanni di Bicci de Medici Founder of the Medici Bank Medici coat of arms; still seen on buildings in Florence today



### The Medici

- In 1434 Cosimo de Medici becomes political boss of Florence
  - For next 100 years the
    Medici run Florence
- Patron of the arts
- 4 family members elected pope (Leo X, Clement VII, Pius IV & Leo XI)
- Catherine becomes Queen of France



#### The Renaissance Artists

- Florence was the home to many of the great Renaissance artists
  - Michelangelo Buonarotti
    - Painter, sculptor, and architect
    - Considered greatest sculptor of all-time
  - Leonardo Di Vinci
    - Painter, inventor, and more!
  - Donatello
    - Bass-relief sculptor
  - Raffaello Sanzio
    - Painter & architect

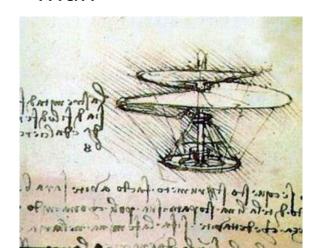




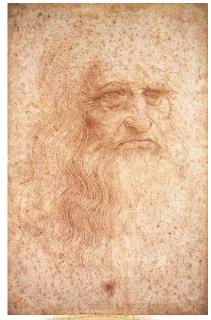
#### Renaissance Artists

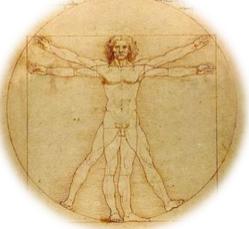
#### Leonardo da Vinci

- Inventor, painter,
  engineer, sculptor,
  scientists, and architect
- The true "Renaissance Man"

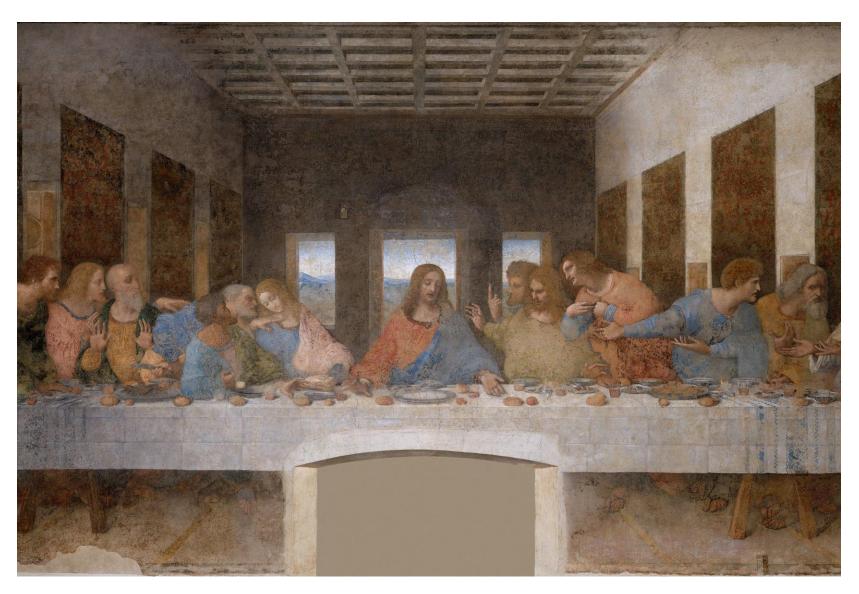








#### The Last Supper





## Italian Renaissance Artists

#### Characteristics

- Celebration of the human body
- Portraits of wealthy and politicians
- Religious art focused on the human aspects of the Divine
- Greco-Roman mythology & themes





# Humanism and Secularism

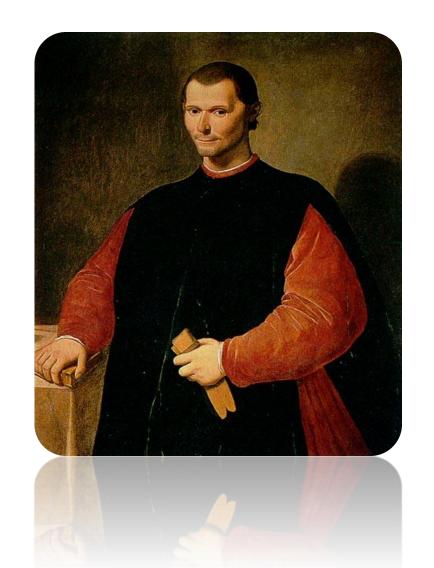
Humanism emphasizes the worth and uniqueness of each individual.

Secularism is a non-religious viewpoint.

 While these ideas first became popular in Italy, they eventually spread to the rest of Europe.

#### Niccolò Machiavelli & Civic Humanism

- Civic Humanism
  - It was the duty of virtuous men to take positions of leadership in government
- One of the first modern ambassadors
  - Had political ambition
- Wrote The Prince
  - Detailed his views on what makes a good leader & how to stay in power
  - Dedicated to the Medici family in hopes of gaining favor w/the powerful family



## Machiavelli's The Prince



The cover page of the 1550 edition of Machiavelli's *The Prince* and *The Life of Castruccio Castracani of Lucca*.